Product Specification

1.25G 1310/1490nm Compact SFP Transceiver

PRODUCT FEATURES

- 1250Mbps Typical Data Rate and compliant to 1000Base BX20 IEEE802.3ah
- 1310nm FP laser transmitter for FLD-GCSFP-20-A
- 1490nm DFB laser transmitter for FLD-GCSFP-20-B
- PIN photo-detector
- Up to 20km on 9/125µm SMF
- Hot-pluggable CSFP footprint
- LC/UPC type pluggable optical interface
- Achieve operational compatibility with conventional SFP
- Metal enclosure, for lower EMI
- RoHS compliant and lead-free
- Single +3.3V power supply
- Support Digital Diagnostic Monitoring interface
- Compliant with SFF-8472
- Case operating temperature 0°C to +70°C
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APPLICATIONS

- Gigabit Ethernet(1000BASE-BX20)
- Point to Point FTTH Application
- Switched Backplane Applications
- Router/Server Interface
- Switch to Switch Interface
- Other Optical Links



PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

FLD-GCSFP-20 transceivers are compatible with the Compact Small Form- Factor Pluggable (CSFP) Multi-Source Agreement (MSA) option 2, The transceiver consists of 2-channel Bi-directional Optical Transceiver unit with five sections: the LD driver, the limiting amplifier, the digital diagnostic monitor, the 1310nm FP laser (the 1490nm DFB laser) and the PIN photo-detector .The module data link up to 20KM in 9/125um single mode fiber.

The optical output can be disabled by a TTL logic high-level input of Tx Disable, and the system also can disable the module via I2C. Tx Fault is provided to indicate that degradation of the laser. Loss of signal (LOS) output is provided to indicate the loss of an input optical signal of receiver or the link status with partner. The system can also get the LOS (or Link)/Disable/Fault information via I2C register access.

Conventional SFP will function when plugged into a C-SFP socket, at the same time no damage to C-SFP and host board if C-SFP module is plugged into a conventional SFP socket

Ordering information

Product part Number	Data Rate (Gbps)	Media	Wavelength (nm)	-		Temperature Range(Tcase)(℃)	
FLD-GCSFP-20	1.25	Single mode fiber	1310/1490(1490/1310)	20	0~70	commercial	

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I. Pin Descriptions

Pin#	Name	Function	Notes		
1	VEE	Transceiver Ground	VEE may be internally connected within the SFP module		
2	TX FAULT	Transmitter Fault Indication	TX Fault is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7K–10K resistor on the host board. Note 1 for more information		
3	TX1_Disable	Transmitter Disable of Ch A	Module channel A disables function		
4	MOD-DEF2	Two-wires interface Data	2 wire serial ID interface, SDA		
5	MOD-DEF1	Two-wires interface Clock	2 wire serial ID interface, SCL		
6	TD2-	Inverted Transmit Data Input of Ch B	These are the differential transmitter puts. They are AC-coupled, differential lines with 100 differential termination inside the module.		
7	TD2+	Transmit Data Input of Ch B	The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board		
8	LOS1	Loss of Signal of Ch A	Loss of Signal detected function. Note 2 for more information.		
9	RD2+	Received Data Output of Ch B	These are the differential receiver outputs. They are AC coupled 100 differential lines which should be terminated with 100(differential) at the user SERDES. The AC		
10	RD2-	Inverted Received Data Output of Ch B	coupling is done inside the module and is the not required on the host board.		
11	VEE	Transceiver Ground	VEE may be internally connected within the SFP module.		
12	RD1-	Inverted Received Data Output of Ch A	These are the differential receiver outputs. They are AC coupled 100 differential lines which should be terminated with		
13	RD1+	Received Data Output of Ch A	100(differential) at the user SERDES. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board.		
14	LOS2	Loss of Signal of CH B	Loss of Signal detected function. Note 2 for more information.		
15	VCCR	Receiver Power	$3.3V\pm5\%$. Note 3 for more information		
16	VCCT	Transmitter Power	3.3V± 5%. Note 3 for more information		
17	TX2_Disable	Transmitter Disable of Ch B	Module channel B disables function		
18	TD1+	Transmit Data Input of Ch A	These are the differential transmitter puts. They are AC-coupled, differential lines with 100 differential termination inside the module.		
19	TD1-	Inverted Transmit Data Input of Ch A	The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board		
20	VEE	Transceiver Ground	VEE may be internally connected within the SFP module.		



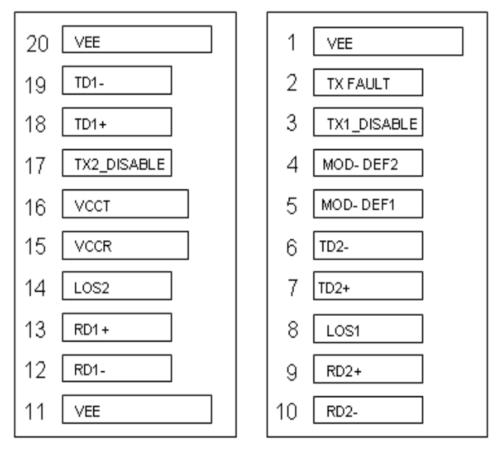
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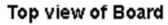
Note 1: When high, output indicates a laser fault of some kind either in Channel A or Channel B. The Host shall read Channel A/B for details: TX Fault from channel A if bit 2 is set in [A2H:110]; TX Fault from channel B if bit 2 is set in [B2H: 110]. Low indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to < 0.8V.

Note 2: When high, this output indicates the received optical power is below the worst-case receiver sensitivity (as defined by the standard in use). Low indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled

to < 0.4V.

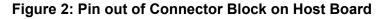
Note 3: VccT VccR are the power supplies. They are defined as $3.3V \pm 5\%$ at the SFP connector pin. Maximum supply current is 400Ma@3.3V. Vcc may be internally connected within the SFP transceiver module.





Bottom view of Board

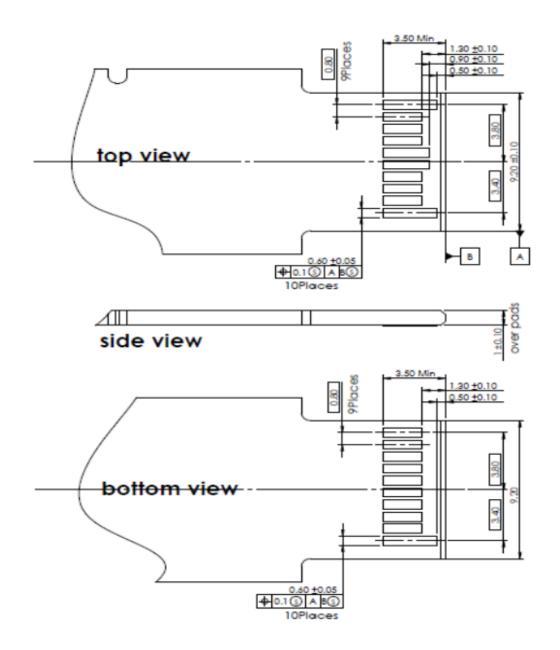
(As view through top of board)





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II. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Storage Temperature	Ts	-40		85	°C	
Storage Ambient Humidity	HA	5		95	%	
Power Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.5		4	V	
Signal Input Voltage		-0.3		Vcc+0.3	V	
Receiver Damage Threshold		3			dBm	

III. Recommended Operating Conditions

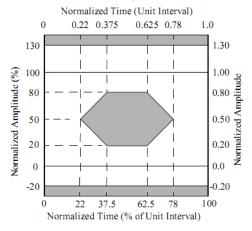
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Case Operating Temperature	Tcase	0		70	°C	FLD-GCSFP-20
Ambient Humidity	HA	5		70	%	Non-condensing
Power Supply Voltage	Vcc	3.13	3.3	3.47	V	
Power Supply Current	Icc			450	mA	
Power Supply Noise Rejection				100	mVp-p	100Hz to 1MHz
Data Rate			1.25/1.25		Gbps	TX Rate/RX Rate
Transmission Distance				20	KM	
Coupled Fiber	Single mode fiber					9/125um SMF

$\ensuremath{\mathrm{IV}}\xspace$. Specification of Transmitter

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Average Output Power	Роит	-9		-3	dBm	
Extinction Ratio	ER	8.2			dB	
Conton Wayalangth) -	1290	1310	1330		FLD-GCSFP-20-A
Center Wavelength	λc	1470	1490	1510	nm	FLD-GCSFP-20-B
Spectrum Width (RMS)	σ			3.5	nm	FP Laser (TX:1310nm)
Side Mode Suppression Ratio	SMSR	30			dB	DFB Laser
Spectrum Bandwidth(-20dB)	σ			1	nm	(TX:1490nm)
Transmitter OFF Output Power	Poff			-45	dBm	
Differential Line Input Impedance	RIN	90	100	110	Ohm	
Jitter P-P	tJ			0.1	UI	Note (1)
Output Eye Mask	Compliant w	ith IEEE80 safet		Note (2)		

Note (1): Measure at 2^7-1 NRZ PRBS pattern

Note (2): Transmitter eye mask definition, and eye mask diagram with at least 10% margin.



V. Specification of Receiver

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Input Optical Wayalapath	λ	1470	1490	1510		FLD-GCSFP-20-A
Input Optical Wavelength	ΛIN	1290	1310	1330	nm	FLD-GCSFP-20-B
Receiver Sensitivity	Pin			-19	dBm	Note (1)
Input Saturation Power (Overload)	PSAT	-3			dBm	
Los Of Signal Assert	PA	-38			dBm	
Los Of Signal De-assert	PD			-22	dBm	Note (2)
LOS Hysteresis	PA-PD	0.5	2	6	dB	

Note (1): Measured with Light source 1490nm(1310nm), ER=8.2dB; BER =<10^-12 @PRBS=2^7-1 NRZ Note (2): When LOS de-asserted, the RX data+/- output is signal output.

VI. Electrical Interface Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note	
Transmitter							
Total Supply Current	lcc			A	mA	Note (1)	
Transmitter Disable Input-High	VDISH	2		Vcc+0.3	V		
Transmitter Disable Input-Low	VDISL	0		0.8	V		
Transmitter Fault Input-High	VDISL	2		Vcc+0.3	V		
Transmitter Fault Input-Low	VTxFH	0		0.8	V		
Receiver							
Total Supply Current	lcc			В	mA	Note (1)	
LOSS Output Voltage-High	VLOSH	2		Vcc+0.3	V		
LOSS Output Voltage-Low	VLOSL	0		0.8	V	LVTTL	

Note (1): A (TX) + B (RX) = 450mA (Not include termination circuit)



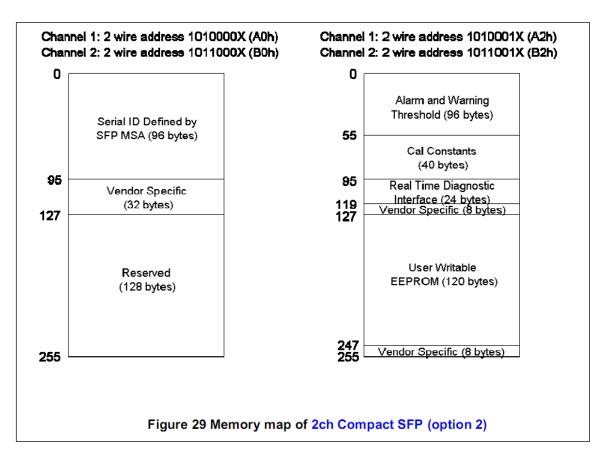
VII. Digital Diagnostic Functions

FLD-GCSFP-20 transceivers support the 2-wire serial communication protocol as defined in the CSFP MSA. It is very closely related to the E2PROM defined in the GBIC standard, with the same electrical specifications.

The standard CSFP serial ID provides access to identification information that describes the transceiver's capabilities, standard interfaces, manufacturer, and other information.

Additionally, FIBERLAND CSFP transceivers provide a unique enhanced digital diagnostic monitoring interface, which allows real-time access to device operating parameters such as transceiver temperature, laser bias current, transmitted optical power, received optical power and transceiver supply voltage. It also defines a sophisticated system of alarm and warning flags, which alerts end-users when particular operating parameters are outside of a factory set normal range.

The CSFP MSA defines a 256-byte memory map in E2PROM that is accessible over a 2-wire serial interface at the 8 bit address 1010000X (A0h) or 1011000X(B0h). The digital diagnostic monitoring interface makes use of the 8 bit address 1010001X (A2h) or 1011001X(B2h), so the originally defined serial ID memory map remains unchanged. The digital diagnostic memory is defined as follow:



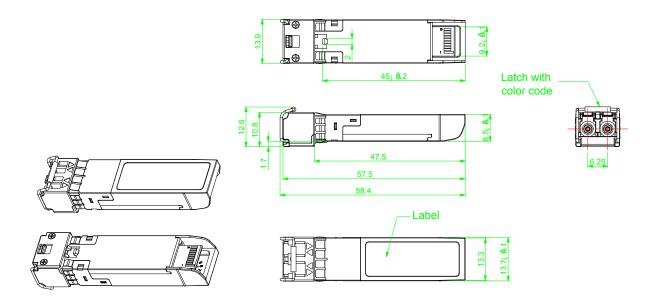
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The operating and diagnostics information is monitored and reported by a Digital Diagnostics Transceiver Controller (DDTC) inside the transceiver, which is accessed through a 2-wire serial interface. When the serial protocol is activated, the serial clock signal (SCL, Mod Def 1) is generated by the host. The positive edge clocks data into the SFP transceiver into those segments of the E2PROM that are not write-protected. The negative edge clocks data from the SFP transceiver. The serial data signal (SDA, Mod Def 2) is bi-directional for serial data transfer. The host uses SDA in conjunction with SCL to mark the start and end of serial protocol activation. The memories are organized as a series of 8-bit data words that can be addressed individually or sequentially. Digital diagnostics for the FLD-GCSFP-20 are internally calibrated by default.

Mechanical Specifications (Unit: mm)



Regulatory Compliance

Feature	Reference	Performance
Electrostatic discharge (ESD)	IEC/EN 61000-4-2	Compatible with standards
Electromagnetic Interference (EMI)	FCC Part 15 Class B EN 55022 Class B (CISPR 22A)	Compatible with standards
ROHS	2002/95/EC	Compatible with standards
EMC	EN61000-3	Compatible with standards

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